

**THE MATHEMATICAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL CUP**  
**-MATHEMATICS-**  
**BELGRADE, June 25, 2013**

**Part One**

*Problems 1 to 8 are multiple choice problems. Out of five offered choices for a problem, exactly one is the correct answer. The correct answer should be circled on the form.*

1. Among the first thousand positive integers, how many are neither divisible by 4 nor by 6?  
A) 625;                      B) 667;                      C) 584;                      D) 666;                      E) 416.
2. If  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$ , then  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$  is equal to:  
A) 15;                      B) 25;                      C) 23;                      D) 13;                      E) 20.
3. The equation  $2|x + 1| + x - 3 = 0$  has:  
A) infinitely many solutions;                      B) exactly three solutions;                      C) exactly two solutions;  
D) exactly one solution;                      E) no solutions.
4. Medians  $AD$  and  $CE$  of triangle  $ABC$  intersect at point  $T$ . The midpoint of line segment  $AE$  is point  $F$ . The ratio of the areas of triangles  $TFE$  and  $ABC$  is equal to:  
A) 1 : 12;                      B) 1 : 8;                      C) 1 : 9;                      D) 1 : 6;                      E) 1 : 16.
5. The side length of square  $ABCD$  is  $a = 1\text{cm}$ . Let  $E$  and  $F$ , respectively, be the points on edges  $AD$  and  $AB$  such that  $AE = AF$  and such that the area of rectangle  $CDEF$  is maximal. Then the area of rectangle  $CDEF$  is equal to:  
A)  $\frac{1}{2}\text{cm}^2$ ;                      B)  $\frac{5}{8}\text{cm}^2$ ;                      C)  $\frac{9}{16}\text{cm}^2$ ;                      D)  $\frac{19}{32}\text{cm}^2$ ;                      E)  $\frac{2}{3}\text{cm}^2$ .
6. A ball with radius  $13\text{cm}$  is intersected by a plane whose distance from the center of the ball is  $5\text{cm}$ . What is the area of this intersection?  
A)  $169\pi\text{cm}^2$ ;                      B)  $25\pi\text{cm}^2$ ;                      C)  $100\pi\text{cm}^2$ ;                      D)  $144\pi\text{cm}^2$ ;                      E)  $121\pi\text{cm}^2$ .
7. How many four-digit numbers of the form  $\overline{62**}$  are divisible by 90?  
A) none;                      B) one;                      C) two;                      D) three;                      E) four.
8. How many integers satisfy the inequality  $\frac{x + 7}{\sqrt{9x^2 + 6x + 1}} > 2$ ?  
A) infinitely many;                      B) none;                      C) exactly three;                      D) exactly two;                      E) exactly one.

**Part Two**

9. Find all positive integers  $m$ ,  $n$ , and  $p$  such that  $m + n + p = 15$  and  $(m - 3)^3 + (n - 5)^3 + (p - 7)^3 = 540$ .
10. Let  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  be arbitrary positive real numbers. Show that the following inequality holds:

$$\frac{yz}{x^2 + 2yz} + \frac{zx}{y^2 + 2zx} + \frac{xy}{z^2 + 2xy} \leq 1 \leq \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 2yz} + \frac{y^2}{y^2 + 2zx} + \frac{z^2}{z^2 + 2xy}.$$

11. The length of one edge of a tetrahedron is  $4\text{cm}$ , while the lengths of all other edges are equal to  $3\text{cm}$ . What is the volume of this tetrahedron?
12. Prove that there are infinitely many composite numbers among the numbers of the form  $10^n + 3$  ( $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$ ).